

# The Middletown Transcript.

VOL. XXV.—NO. 36.

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, THURSDAY AFTERNOON, SEPTEMBER 8, 1892.

PRICE, 3 CENTS.

## Miscellaneous Advertisements.

## Perfect clothing at manufacturer's prices

There's extravagance in spending money with anybody but the manufacturers—in clothing, the worst extravagance of all. Direct dealing is the only road to economy—the only road, as truly, to good clothing. Inferior quality, inferior manufacture—these are the only ways to cheapen clothing—and who suffers? Isn't it you? All the time? In all ways? In planning for the greater business of this Fall, we want to make this clear to every wearer of clothing: our stock is home-made—and the best-made. All Wool Suits you can get for \$10, \$12. Fine Suits for \$15 to \$25. Dress Suits, the same. Fall Overcoats, handsome as flowers. Best of cloth, best of trimmings, best of fashioning and fitting, made by the best of work-people to sell to the best of people. Our hearts are in the winning this season of a more generous business than we ever had.

The prices are down now to bed-rock.

**Wanamaker & Brown**  
SIXTH and MARKET PHILADELPHIA

We pay railroad excursion fare from Middletown if you purchase \$20 worth.

## SUMMER GOODS

WE HAVE just opened a very large stock of Summer Dress Goods, such as Tissues, Organdies, Satens, Challis, Chambrays, Ginghams, (both Domestic and Scotch), Summer Silks, etc. We have a large lot of Colored Silks, worth from 75c to 90c per yard, which we propose to sell at 50c per yard for making silk undershirts. Six yards of these goods will make a full skirt, which will cost \$3.00 per skirt. The same silk skirt will cost at retail in the city from \$8 to \$12 a piece. This is the Biggest Bargain of the season.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, GIMPS, SURAHs, &c.,  
MEN'S AND LADIES' UNDERWEAR,  
CLOTHES AND CASSIMERES.

## CLOTHING!

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, GROCERIES,  
CARPETS AND MATTINGS, &c.

Please call and see our stock as we can give you the variety to select from. Also, styles and prices.

**W. H. MOORE AND CO.**

**NOW OPEN!** NEW STORE UNDER TOWN HALL  
The Bargain Store of Middletown.

We place before customers daily Bargains in every line we offer. No Bait. Every article a Guaranteed Bargain. Don't these prices please you?

**P**INS, full count, per paper, 1c. Best Needles, per paper, 1c. Spool Silk, 3c. Darning Needles, 5 for 1c. Carpet tacks, dozen papers, 25c. Good Envelopes, 3c. 144 sheets Note Paper, 5c. Foolscap, 2 sheets, 1c. 6 Slate Pencils 1c. or 12c. per 100. 3 Good Lead 1c. Shoe Strings, per dozen, 2c. School Slates, 2 to 8c. Lamp Wicks, 5 for 1c. Best Pins, 3 for 1c. Shoe Buttons, per dozen, 1c. Bone Collar Buttons, per dozen, 4c. Safety Pins, large, per dozen, 2c. 25000 yards of Lace, 1c. and up. 20,000 yards Ribbon per yard, 2 to 10c. 100 Dozen Men and Boy's Suspenders per pair, 5c. to 30c. 50 dozen Ladies Corsets, 25c. to 40c. 90 dozen Children's Black Hose large size, 7c. Men's Heavy Hose, 5c. Gents' Fine Hose, 7c. to 10c. Extra Good Spool Cotton, 2c. Stewart's Best Thread, 3c. Hair Pins, per pound, 12c. P. N. Corset Steels, 3c. Men's Linen Collars, 5c. to 8c. 25 Dozen Boy's Shirts, 10c. to 30c. 75 Dozen Men's Shirts, 10c. to 30c. Childs Undershirts and Pants, 10c. Men's Pants, 7c. to \$2.00. Boys' Suits, Jackets and Knee Pants, 92c. 175 dozen pair of Men's and Boys' Overalls. 500 yards Shelf Oil Cloth, 3c. to 7c. per yard. Big stock Glassware of all kind. Shoemaker's Findings, 5c. to 10c. All kinds of Brushes—White Wash Paint and Scrub, cheaper than the cheapest. Tinware—4 qt. coffee pot, 17c. 3 qt. 13c. 2 qt. 10c. 1 qt. 8c. Hardware—Rivets and Burs, 13c.; cut Nails 24c. per pound. Hinges, 2, 3 and 4c. per pair. Pad Locks 5 to 10c. Auger Bits, 1 inch, 5c.; 5-16 inch, 7c.; 1 inch, 8c.; 1 inch, 10c. Door Locks, 18 to 22c. Bolts, 1x3 inches, 7c. per dozen. Hog Rings, 100 in box, 10c. Mann's Axes, 50c. Tack Hammers, 3 to 30c. Hatchets, 8 to 30c. Monkey Wrenches, 8 to 30c. Saw Handles, 8c. Spring Balances, 24 lbs. 8c. Horse Clippers, \$1.15. Garden Rakes, 10 each, 13c.

—ONE PRICE TO ALL—

In case any purchase made from us does not prove perfectly satisfactory bring it back and your money will be refunded.

**MESSICK'S**  
CHEAP CASH STORE.

**GOLDEY WILMINGTON COMMERCIAL COLLEGE**  
AND SCHOOL OF  
SHORT-HAND AND TYPE-WRITING, WILMINGTON, DEL.

INSTITUTE BUILDING, 8TH and MARKET STREETS.  
Courses of study that will at once give young people of either sex a means of livelihood. All competent graduates secure positions. Last year 300 students (50 ladies) from 35 places and 11 States attended this College. 22 graduates. Individual instruction; therefore new students enter at any time. College re-opens September 1st. Night sessions, Oct. 3d. A magnificent, full descriptive catalogue, with photo-engravings, mailed free. Write for it. Reference: any prominent citizen of Wilmington.

## WOMANHOOD.

Lightly slept she on the threshold of her fire and twentieth year. She had yet the world before her—naught of past to dread or fear. And she looked with happy longing, as the years before her stood Richer, brighter, better, broader—heritage of womanhood. Past the warring, fitful fancies, past the future's fearful gloom, For her heart had its double-settled now no more to roam. So she dreamed of happy home-life in tomorrow's fancy day—Home where she could sit in silence, sit and love her life away. Where the joy of loving deeply brings no thought save that of bliss, Where the sorrows born of living free at touch of husband's kiss. Where the strong arm is protector, and the weak heart strong ally—Where the cynic's snarl is vanquished by the sunburst of love's day. Blessed thought of home-life, sweeter than ever thought beside could be—Home where two shall build their heaven, loving ever perfectly. Would the home-life be kept empty, naught beside e'er enter there? Are they fearful lest the heart-wealth so dearly prove with those to share? Blessed thought of baby fingers, pattering soft of baby feet. Ah! there's room for child and husband; women's hearts are wide and deep. —Ella S. Elliott.

## A PLOT FOR A PLAY.

THE men were talking in the smoking-room after dinner. The Jew, Pereira, the theatrical manager, so well known by his marbled shirt collars and his triumphant neckties, stood before the fireplace holding in his hand a small glass of curacao. "The anecdote," said he, "the anecdote—everything depends on that. A play is good only if one can recount the plot in five minutes. When an author comes to talk to me of a comedy at my breakfast hour, I stop him immediately. Can you tell me your business before I finish this soft-boiled egg? If he cannot, the play is of no value."

And Pereira swallowed his glass of curacao. "I am not a dramatic author," said the tall Maurice, the *attache* of embassy, from the depths of the large arm-chair, where he was half hid; "but still, if you wish it, Pereira, I will tell an anecdote, from which, it seems to me, a man in that trade could get an idea. But the time it takes to eat an egg is very short."

"Well, I grant you an omelet," said the Jew with a loud laugh. "But the ideas for plots of people of the world—I mistrust it," as said the man who was about to be guillotined. But go ahead."

"Very well! The story made the rounds of the drawing-rooms at Vienna when I was there. There was then in Vienna a physician renowned for his success with heart disease. He was named—'I change the name, naturally, for the thing was tragic—he was named Dr. Arnold. Scarcely forty years old, he had a magnificent practice. He was a handsome man; very elegant, with regular features, large blond whiskers in the Australian style, but a pair of eyes like an American, blue and cold as steel, which flashed in the light. A Russian family which resided in Vienna—let us name them, if you will, the Skebeloffs—called the doctor in consultation on the case of the daughter of the house, in whom the specialist recognized after the first examination the commencement of aneurism. It must have been a delicate thing to auscultate Miss Macha. Just think it! To apply his ear to the chest of a beautiful brunette of nineteen years, and knock upon her heart, as if to say: 'Can I come in?'

"Maurice," interrupted the master of the house, "no vaudeville pleasantries. You promised us a drama." "You will have it, rest assured. Although they were received in good society, these Skebeloffs were a little suspected. They lived at the hotel. The father Skebeloff had too many cords, knots and frogs on his furred cloak. They had quite a number of servants, and the mother's diamonds passed for false. With all this, two daughters to place, too beautiful to be of any use; in fact doubtful characters. But the doctor fell in love; he demanded Miss Macha in marriage; was allowed to make his court, was married at the end of three months, and the Skebeloff family, suddenly disgusted with Vienna, flitted away to new tables d'hote. The doctor's wife, *frau doctorin*, as they say there, was well received in Vienna society. The newly-married couple were very interesting; the doctor loved Macha both as his wife and as his patient. He adored her and he nursed her. This little romance enchanted the sentimental. Already Mrs. Arnold, whose health was at all appearances re-established, showed herself often to the world, and even waltzed there sometimes."

"Notwithstanding her disease of the heart?" "Yes. The young wife seemed so entirely cured that her husband permitted a turn of waltz, as a physician; but I believe he would willingly have forgiven it as a jealous husband. For the handsome Captain de Blazewitz—an Apollo in white uniform—was always the first to write his name

on Mrs. Arnold's ball programme, and pressed her tenderly against his skirts. Once more the old fable of Mars and Venus was revived."

"Good," said Pereira. "It is clear enough that your good-natured people posed."

"Perhaps! One day the doctor discovered a package of letters—'That's old—the package of letters!'" "Pereira, you are insupportable! You may sneer, if you wish, but in my anecdote there are some letters."

"Which furnish to the husband the certainty of his dishonor—is that not so?"

"Certainly."

"And which make him conceive the project of vengeance!"

"Do you know the story, Pereira? If so, tell it."

"No, my friend, but I cut down, to use a term of our trade, I cut down, that is all. Then the husband avenged himself—"

"By one of those crimes which always remain undiscovered—"

"Then how do you know it?"

"Because the doctor talked. Yes, the guilty one himself, yielding to the irresistible, the fatal need of imparting secrets which exists in all men, and which makes of the Catholic confessional one of the most —"

"Keep to your story, Maurice; keep to your story."

"I won't say another word," grumbled the vexed young man.

"Don't be angry," said the grossly, insolent Pereira. "We saved you the trouble of finishing your sentence. It is the true theatrical style. See Scribe and Sardou. All in dialogue, with points of suspension. I am sick of repeating it to the young authors. No style! No knowledge of literature! There have been plays that have failed on account of an adjective. No one knows what harm a metaphor may do. So with romances—"

"In your turn, Pereira," said Maurice, looking at the Jew with a jeering air through his monocle. "When will you be through?"

"It is just. Maurice, you said then that the husband—"

"Imagined a terrible vengeance, but one permissible only to one of his profession. Macha was not completely cured—he knew it well, the specialist—of this heart disease for which he had treated her during two years with so much zeal and love. He undertook to replace her in her old state. Curbing his wrath, he compelled himself to maintain toward his wife the air of a dissatisfied, suspicious husband, and so gave birth to fear and anguish in the guilty wife's soul. He knew by the letters he had intercepted what a guilty passion possessed the two lovers; he was sure they always sought to see each other, even in the midst of dangers. This domestic Machiavel profited by this situation. After that, a mysterious power put all sorts of small obstacles between Macha and M. de Blazewitz, without, however, separating them entirely. It made their rendezvous to fail, interrupted their correspondence, troubled and poisoned their loves, and in this life of lively and sorrowful emotions, Mrs. Arnold's health again changed profoundly. The doctor killed his wife with as much certainty and precision as he had but now cured her. To an hour of wild terror, which gave morbid activity to the circulation, the clever man caused to succeed long days of sadness, which congested the heart, and retained the blood there. Then suddenly he feigned to have no more jealousy and appeared touched even to tears at his wife's sufferings. 'What is the matter, my poor Macha?' said he to her. 'I cannot diagnose your case. You have the appearance of a person dying of grief. Are you not happy with me? And while watching with a truly diabolical delight the progress of the malady, he crucified his victim with his false-faced despair. At the end of six months the syncope were more frequent, the palpitations more rapid, the most disquieting symptoms of aneurism had re-appeared. Ah, ha! Pereira, you do not interrupt me now!'"

"Oh, yes, yes! This is the second act—the connecting part of the play. But the denouement, the denouement!"

"The denouement!" cried Maurice, with the accent of a restaurant waiter who serves you with a dish. "Here it is. One evening the doctor burst into his wife's room like a tempest. 'Madam, I know all. M. de Blazewitz is your lover. The poor Macha became as pale as a sheet, and the violet color of death appeared on her lips. 'Kill me!' she said. This was just what he wished."

"I would not lay hand on a woman," was Arnold's reply. 'Your accomplice has paid for both. I have just fought with M. de Blazewitz. I have killed him!' and Macha fell rigid upon the floor. But the doctor lied; he did not dare to touch the mustache of the handsome captain, who passed for the best shot in Vienna. He knelt beside his wife, extended upon the floor, and took her hand in

his. The pulses still beat. She yet lived. Then the brute gave her some attention—revived her. 'Go, put on a ball dress and all your diamonds,' he commanded, 'and accompany me to the French Embassy ball, to which we are invited.' 'No, no! I could never do it!' 'Go dress yourself and we will start. I have taken as a pretext for my duel with M. de Blazewitz, a quarrel over the cards. But you are compromised. It is necessary that you should be seen this evening on my arm in society. If not, it would be thought that I fought on your account, and I should be dishonored. Get dressed. I wish it!' The unhappy one had to obey. How could she resist the man she had so cruelly outraged? She made her toilet. What agony! And her husband dragged her to the Embassy ball. There, overcome, she sought a spot, rather than seat herself in the first drawing-room, where the usher every minute or so announced the names of the arrivals. The doctor, in full dress, superb, with all his decorations, stood up behind his wife's chair. All at once, after glancing into the ante-chamber, he leaned over to Macha's ear, as if to whisper a gallantry. 'Grief has not killed you, then, miserable!' 'No, yet, unhappily,' murmured this criminal who expiated her offence. 'Very well. Look, then, added he, pointing to the door, 'and die of joy!' At that moment the usher announced in a sonorous voice, 'Captain Baron de Blazewitz!' The handsome officer entered, a smile on his lips, and immediately, as he always did, sought his mistress with a look. He scarcely recognized her. She had just risen from her chair, and stood erect, as if impelled by a steel spring, livid under her diamond tiara, frightful to behold. She cast on him a wild look, pressed her hand on her throat, and fell heavily on the floor, dead—quite dead, this time! There was a terrible scene. The doctor threw himself on his wife's body with a cry, and M. de Blazewitz's despair would have caused a scandal, if a friend not drawn him away! All the guests fled; the lackeys ate the supper, and the ambassador was much put out, for she had made expressly for the cotillion some grotesque heads, with which she expected to make a great hit."

Maurice stopped; there was a moment of silence. The auditors nearly shivered, and Pereira himself had the tact not to utter any nonsense. But the mistress of the house appeared, raising the tapestry portieres of the smoking room.

"Sirs, have you finished your cigars? The ladies await you."

While passing to the drawing-room, Pereira took Maurice's arm.

"And the doctor?—what became of him?"

"As I told you, he nearly, in an imprudent moment, boasted of his crime, which, however, escaped all punishment. But his sojourn at Vienna became difficult. To-day he is at Varsovie, where he has a good practice and where he continues to repeat to those afflicted with the disease of which he has made a specialty—'Above all, no emotions!'"

But what do you think of my plot for a play?"

"Impossible, my dear fellow. All the critics would say that it was an imitation of Octave Feuillet's 'Julie.'"

—Romance.

**WHEN YOU ARE ENGAGED.**

A MAN IS ALWAYS VERY TRACTABLE AT THAT PERIOD.

If a man does not behave as he should during those blissful days before marriage it is very certain he will not be manageable after that solemn ceremony has taken place. If your intended insists upon making eyes at girls when he is out with you, may rest assured that he is not going to be the loving domestic husband you so fondly desire him to be, but will in all probability find other's society preferable to your own, even before the honeymoon has fairly waned.

Don't hug to yourself the delusion that once you are married you will be able to reform him of all his evil habits. This is the rock that too many matrimonial ships run aground on. That happy period when the bloom is still on the peach, the illusions and delusions of life not dispelled, is the time to exercise the influence that will be potent either for good or evil. If you cannot influence him before marriage you never will afterward. A woman can pretty nearly tell a man's disposition if they are engaged any length of time, and the breaking of promises, no matter what they are in regard to, will bode no good for the future years when sentiment has given place to the practical realities of life. So many women wreck their own happiness by not accepting the signs that are held up to them during the days of their engagement to marry. Many are blind fully, either through love or because they fear the talk of society if they

break the engagement once it is announced. All this is folly. How much better to brave the opinion of the world than the destruction of all future happiness. You will have to live with him, not the world, and how much better a broken engagement than a separation or divorce in the years to come. If he is quarrelsome, moody, jealous or deceitful before marriage you may be very certain that the assuming of greater responsibilities will not have a tendency to make him one whit more angelic. Be warned in time and accept as danger signals the episodes that you are too apt to regard as but storms of the passing moment.

## HOW TO VOTE INTELLIGENTLY.

The State Department of Elections for the city of Wilmington have issued a manual of instruction to the Election officers of that city, and it is of great importance that the voter familiarize himself with the new system that will be in vogue at the next election, we present it in full hoping that every voter will study it carefully and thus relieve the election officers from answering many trivial questions and making tiresome explanation.

**HOW TO VOTE.**

When an elector is ready to vote, he should enter the passageway, announce his name to the election board, if challenged establish his right to vote, and enter the door of the election room; when admitted, procure from one of the clerks a ticket that has the initials of the clerks written on the left-hand corner of the back, and a stamp from the other clerk.

He should then go alone into a booth and mark his ballot with the stamp. If he wishes to vote a straight ticket he marks with the stamp in the square opposite the title of the party with which he votes. If he desires to vote a mixed ticket, or to omit entirely one or more officers, he should stamp the square in front of the name of each candidate for whom he desires to vote, and should stamp but once on any square. If he desires to vote for any person whose name does not appear on the ticket, he can substitute the name by writing it in ink in the proper place on the ticket. If he does not understand how to mark his ballot, he should ask the voter's assistant to instruct him.

If any elector declares that by reason of physical disability or inability either to read or write, or both, he is unable to mark or alter his ballot, he may call to his assistance, the voters assistants who, in the presence of each other, shall prepare the ballot for voting, and, on request, shall read over to each elector the names of the candidates as marked or written.

If, by accident, an elector tears, mutilates, defaces or spoils a ballot, he should go at once to the clerk, return the same explain how the accident occurred and ask for another ballot.

Before leaving the booth he should fold his ballot so that the initials of the clerks, on the back, will show, but so that no part of the face of the ballot can be seen. When he has marked and folded his ballot, he should leave the booth, deliver the stamp to the clerk from whom he received it, and hand the folded ballot to the inspector, who will put it in the ballot box in his presence.

He should then leave the room and remain 30 feet away from the polls.

The following foot-note is appended to the chapter and refers to the line in the first paragraph where an asterisk is found:

\*Where there are two or more candidates for the same office on the same ticket, as in case of candidates for State senators, or members of the House Representatives, and the title of one ticket, and the names of one or more, but less than all, of such candidates on another ticket are stamped, the intention of the voter cannot be determined and the part of the ballot affected thereby will not be counted.

To avoid mistakes, the voter, if he desires to vote a mixed ticket, should stamp the square in front of the name of each candidate for whom he desires to vote.

**New Style Car.**

A new style of passenger coach will be adopted by the Pennsylvania railroad. It is an improvement on the present car in use in a number of ways. One of the cars has been constructed at the Altoona shops and has been greatly admired. It is three feet longer than the usual car and contains 32 seats. It also has 17 windows on each side and the interior is finished in oak, with brass trimmings. The platform door, thereby avoiding a prevalent danger in passing from car to car. Only a few of the cars will be constructed at present, until the necessity arises for a larger number.

Ed Geers has given the following three trotters records below 2.15 this season, which is a greater number than any other driver ever gave in a season. Nightingale, by Mambrino King, 2:14.1; Honest George, 2:14.1; and Globe, 2:14.1.

## ROSE TERRY COOK'S LAST POEM.

My sweetheart! my loving! you darkened all the day. When from my silent dwelling your footsteps turned away: The morn was dark as midnight, the noon, day and dawn, The milk-white daisies drooped their heads along the dewy lawn. My darling! my dearest! I sought the garden round, But never in a blossom your precious face I found. No rose was red beside your lips, no lily like your throat, No sound or thrilling of your voice in any thrush's note.

Ah! what is like your eyes, dear! gray sparkles of the sea, So clear and crystal shining their beryl glances be; And where is any flower of all that may compare With the soft and dancing glitter of the sunshine in your hair?

Alone through lingering daytime I listen for your feet, Though springing steps no longer along the pathway beat; I hear the dewdrops rustle in the branches overhead, But home and you together for many a day have fled.

My life is sad and weary, too dark with want and pain, But your dear eyes would bring its light and gladness back again, My soul's rest of desert sands, bereft of cheer and balm.

Come back, come back, my darling! Across the spaces hear! Come light this night of grief and gloom, My keeper, shining clear: Not long have I to linger, not long to call or cry:

Come back, my treasure! come, my heart, and bless me 'ere I die! —Rose Terry Cooke, in the Independent.

## THE TARIFF AND THE FRUIT GROWER.

JAS. A. B. DILWORTH.

What possible benefit can the farmers and farmworkers of the Delaware and Maryland Peninsula derive from the protective duties on green and dried fruit? I shall not attempt to enumerate these duties. I simply set forth the fact, that the protectionist friend of the Delaware and Maryland fruit grower, did not overlook them in the preparation of that wonderful tariff schedule, known as the "McKinley Bill." What benefit I ask, can possibly accrue to the farmer from such protection. They are producers of peaches or have been in the years past. With the exception of the small fruits, the peach is the only fruit that it has been possible for them to cultivate at a profit. The great bulk of the peaches produced by them, must of necessity be disposed of by them in their raw and ripe condition. Of course, if, by law, no other fruit could be sold in the market of this country during the season when peaches were ripe, it is possible that more peaches would be demanded than otherwise would be the case. That proposition of course is an absurdity. The market is well supplied with all the various fruits that are ripe and marketable, during the ripening season of the peaches. And only those people who prefer peaches to other fruit, purchase peaches. This fortunately, for the Delaware and Maryland fruit grower, constitutes a very large percentage of fruit eaters. But that which regulates the price at which the Delaware and Maryland peach grower sells his peaches, is simply the supply and demand.

One year ago the Peninsula was literally covered with peaches, and growers who produced thousands of baskets of this fruit were unable to dispose of it for much, if anything, above the cost of picking and putting it upon the market. Had there been no other fruit in the market, he possibly might have received a little higher price for his fruit. No amount of governmental protection however, would have added one cent to the gross receipts which the grower last year received from his peaches.

This year, conditions are changed. There has been an exceedingly light crop of peaches produced upon the Peninsula. With the result of giving to those fortunate growers who had peaches large profits.

The protective tariff has in no way affected in either of these years, the selling price of this fruit. Strawberries, blackberries and raspberries, are largely grown on this Peninsula. In fact, fruit growing is a great industry here. Can any man who grows a peach or berry by any chain of reasoning, convince himself that the protective features of our "American Tariff System" in any way affects the prices at which these fruits can be sold? Certainly not.

But what is the immediate bearing of the tariff upon these fruit growers? It adds an item of extra cost to every basket and every package used by them in conveying this fruit to the market. There is a duty upon the nails, the strips of tin, and upon the hinges used in making these packages. There is also a duty upon wood, but I am not going to assert that this wood duty, adds anything to the value of the wood used in the manufacture of these conveyances for there is too much wood on the Peninsula to be affected by the tariff, but certainly the duty does effect the selling price of the metal used in their construction. It adds to the cost of

the railroads and the rolling stock of the railroad, and thereby increases the cost of transportation.

The fruits dried on the Peninsula, should, to be sold for the best possible prices, reach the South American market. But here our "American Protective Tariff" interferes with the free exchanges of these commodities. And if we reach the South American market, it is only by an extra effort on the part of the exporters, which means extra charges upon the article to be sold; and the lessening of their consumption by the people of the South American Nations, which as a natural consequence tends to keep the prices netted the farmer down.

If it is the desire of the grower to can his peaches and leisurely to find a market for them, he finds himself confronted with the two and two-tenths cents per pound protective duty on tin cans, which is not only not a protection to him, but as his fruit must be sold—that is the surplus above the domestic demands—in competition with other fruits packed by English packers, in unprotected tin it is a detriment to him. Let no man deny this fact. To day one of the largest fruit growing establishments in the world, is located in Nassau, with small branch packing houses on several of the islands of the great Bahamas, and the canned peaches produced in Delaware and Maryland come in competition with these canned goods.

Another great industry of the Peninsula is, or should be, the canning of tomatoes. Tomatoes are grown in Southern France, Southern Italy, and in Southern Germany. They are also grown in Australia, and in the British West Indies, although, from West India tomatoes, the Peninsula packers may fear no competition. But the Italian and French tomatoes do compete with the American-packed, in the European market, and the duty upon tin adds that much to the difficulty of the American packer to sell his goods in those markets, and it takes that much from the profitable, possible work of the Peninsula farmer and farmworker; and I want them to understand just what the tax is. It is 2 1/2 cents per pound on tin plate.

A box of tin weighing 115 pounds and containing 112 plates, if there be no loss from bad casing or bad workmanship will make 336 three pound tomato cans, or 23 dozen. The duty on 115 pounds is \$2.58, or upwards of 9 cents per dozen. This means that the protection afforded by the tariff to the tin plate makers, or to be more honest, to the sheet iron roofing makers of this country, interferes with the larger sale of tomatoes in Europe, as it adds fully 11 per cent. to the cost of packing canned tomatoes here, which this duty be taken off, it is quite probable that the tomato growers would be able to command at least 50 cents a ton more for their fruit, because there would be undoubtedly a vastly increased demand for tomatoes.

It is true that there is a drawback, because there is a tariff law by which the tin duty on exports may be recovered, but it is so cumbersome, that only those who export in a large way can derive any benefit therefrom.

English as She Is Spelt.

It was in one of our schools the other day when I picked up the following thrilling composition, written by a 12-year old girl, which is one of the best pieces of English as she is "spelt" that I have yet seen:

"A right little little boy, the son of a kurnel, with a rough round his neck, sue up the road as quick as a deer. After a thyme he stopped at a house and wrung his belle. His tow hurt hymn and he kneaded wrest. He was two tired to raze his fare, pale face, and a faint wond of pain rose from his lips. The made who herd the belle was about to pair a pare, but she through it down and ran with all her mile, for fear her guessed would not weight; but when she saw the little wond tiers stood in her eyes at the site. 'Ewe poor dear! Why do you lye here? Are you dying?' 'Know,' he said, 'I am faint.' She boar him in her arms, as she aught, to a room where he might be quiet, gave him bread and meet, held a cent bottle under his knos, untied his choler, rapped him up warmly, gave him a suite drachm from a viol, till at last he wond fourth as hail as a young hoarse."

—New Western Magazine.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYSE, 820 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y. m104



# The Transcript

ABRAM VANDEGRIFT,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements will be inserted at the rate of fifty cents an inch for the first insertion and twenty-five cents an inch for subsequent insertions. A liberal discount to yearly advertisers.

Local Notices five cents a line for the first insertion. Death and Marriage Notices inserted free.

Subscription Price, one dollar per annum in advance. Single copy, three cents.

Objectionable medicine notices and questionable advertisements of any nature whatsoever are not taken at any price.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$1.00 A YEAR.

Thursday Afternoon, Sept. 8, 1892

## DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

FOR PRESIDENT:  
**GROVER CLEVELAND.**

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:  
**ADLAI E. STEVENSON.**

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,  
**CHARLES B. LORE,**  
**EBELIEM W. COOPER,**  
**WILLIAM H. COLBURN.**

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS  
**JOHN W. CAUSEY.**

FOR SHERIFF,  
**JAMES J. TONER.**

FOR CORONER,  
**JAMES H. KIRK.**

FOR RECEIVER OF TAXES AND COUNTY TREASURER,  
**JOHN T. DICKEY.**

FOR COUNTY COMPTROLLER,  
**JOHN F. STAATS.**

Last night John L. Sullivan and Jas. J. Corbett met in the pugilistic ring in Louisiana to decide the world's championship. It is a disgrace to modern civilization that such exhibitions should be permitted, since there is nothing in them that is moral or elevating. Physical culture is a very good thing, and every attempt to introduce it should receive the support of all good citizens, but the exhibition of mere brute force by men totally devoid of manhood and humanity should be discouraged, not only by the authorities but by public opinion.

The Cecil Whig, (Elkton), last week issued an elegant "Industrial Edition" in honor of the fifty-first anniversary of the founding of the paper, and is not only a credit to the publisher, but a fitting tribute to the enterprise of the proprietors of the many industries and public institutions illustrated and described. The illustrations are of a class seldom found in a newspaper while the typography is excellent, and printed on heavy plate paper, the whole makes a valuable souvenir. While we must differ with the Whig politically, we still have a very warm feeling for it as a newspaper, and heartily congratulate it upon its entrance into another volume, and wish it even greater success in the future than it has enjoyed in the past.

In another column will be found a call from L. Irving Handy, Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, for a State Convention of all the Democratic clubs in Delaware to be held in Dover on Thursday Sept. 15th, for the purpose of forming a State League. Where there are no clubs organized the Democratic voters are requested to send delegates to the convention to act with the delegates from those clubs which have organized. The importance of this call cannot be over-estimated as it is in the interest of perfect organization, earnest work and ultimate success at the polls. Let every voting precinct send its delegates to this convention and the stimulating effect of organization, unanimity of purpose and concentrated effort will surely be felt in the ranks of the Democratic party.

It is a peculiar and noteworthy fact that a very large majority of the English, Welsh, Scotch and other clannish and royalist loving immigrants espouse the cause of the Republican and Autocratic party, the party which favors the centralization of power, the serfdom of the masses to professional politicians and contributors to a corruption fund who in return are subsidized by the provisions of the McKinley law. On the other hand, those immigrants of Irish, German, French and Scandinavian descent, and all others who believe in a free, untrammelled and popular government in favor of the majority of the people instead of a few tariff-fed monopolists and spoils hunters, as surely gravitate into the ranks of the Democratic party as water finds its level. In it the immigrant that is seeking a home and an asylum from persecution finds his only hope of a government "of the people, by the people and for the people."

The report of Labor Commissioner Peck of New York, which has caused so much gratification and elation among the "protection" press of the country has received a black eye by the publication of a letter written several months since by Commissioner Peck to his former business partner W. H. Greenlow, of the Hornersville Tribune, and in which he claims that his investigations prove the reverse of what his "prepared" statistics show. The report, which was fully prepared before the writing of that letter, was retained in his possession until it had been "improved" by the political opponents of Grover Cleveland, and when finally it was made public it proved to be a complete "protection" essay on the result of the workings of

the McKinley law. Instead of carrying weight with it, it will prove a boomerang in the hands of the Republicans, for the wage-earners have passed the age when they can be blindly led and a reduction of wages is far more potent than a "report" that wages have been increased.

Mr. Harrison's letter of acceptance has at last made its appearance, and as a literary effort and a contribution to campaign literature it is a success, but for a truthful account of the workings of the McKinley law, and statement of his own personal position and opinions relating to the Republican platform, it is an ignominious failure. His efforts to conciliate Blaine by praising his pet reciprocity scheme when but a short time since he so bitterly opposed it, and the wily manner in which he dodges the "Force Plank" of the Republican platform are too transparent to escape the notice of any person who possesses the patience to read the voluminous "letter." The whole is a cunningly devised essay on the blessings that protection and the McKinley law have conferred, but Harrison made a big slip when he claimed that a tariff decreases the cost of the home product to the consumer and then declares that the cause of the McKinley law abolishing the duty on sugar has been the cause of the decline in price of that commodity. While this is the most conspicuous of the incongruities there are many more which we shall take occasion to expose in the future.

The Republican party is doomed, and its disruption is near at hand. The issue upon which it came into existence has died out and despite every effort of its bounty-fed followers it is gradually but surely disintegrating. This is evidenced by the desperate efforts to retain the present party in power, and to make that power absolute and permanent through the medium of pernicious legislation, subsidization of the press and the catering to the demands of the men who control the operation of the party machines in all sections of the country. With the defeat of the Republican party at the polls in November the death-knell of Republicanism, which is a synonym for fraud, corruption, favoritism and monopoly, will be sounded, and at the same time will be heard the glad shouts of a united people heralding the birth of political and social freedom from persecution and tyranny; from the impending danger of the passage of a Force bill, which means nothing less than disfranchisement to thousands of good, true, loyal and patriotic citizens. The Democratic party is the conservative party, the party that stands as a safe-guard to the constitution whose principles it has defended against all comers since its birth, and as such, has seen party after party rise and fall, and will continue to do so until the constitution itself is no more. It is the constitutional party inasmuch as its principles are the underlying principles of the constitution, while every opposing party has been born of an issue, lived on that issue and succumbed at the death of that issue.

The Republican party is essentially a war party, having been called into being by the inevitable approach of the Civil War, it has lived upon the war issue by no means the retention of war tariffs in time of peace, thus enabling it to reward manufacturers of "protected" goods, who in return were expected to support its existence, and by the payment of so-called pensions to hundreds of thousands of Republican voters who never saw a battle-field during action. Like its predecessors, the Republican party has exhausted the issue which prompted and supported its existence, and is now engaged in the campaign which will decide its dissolution or a precarious existence for the next four years. This, in a great measure, accounts for the many desperate measures they have adopted, or have tried to adopt, in the past few months and years, but with little avail. The masses have decided that the party that has lived by deceit and fraud, that has been a leech upon the wage-earners by sucking the life-blood from thousands upon thousands of toilers through the "fat-free" principle of taxing their employers, that has monopolized "protection" but protected only their oppressors in their acts of oppression, and that has broken faith with them in every instance where they courted confidence and fair dealing, is no longer the party to be trusted with the power of government, and are looking to the party that promises nothing to individuals or classes, but a good, clean, safe and honest government in the interests of the whole people.

## GET REGISTERED SATURDAY.

Nancy Hanks, the queen of the turf, is a small, matron, standing only 15 hands high and weighing 87 lbs., and is an in-bred Hambletonian being by Happy Medium out of a mare by Dictator, both of the stallions being by Rysdyk's Hambletonian. Of the former champions none were over 15 hands except Barus, St. Julien and Sunol.

Martha Wilkes started at Independence, Ia., last week to beat her record of 2:09 1/2. She was accompanied by two runners and Budd Double drove her to the quarter in 30 1/2, half in 1:02 1/2, three-quarters in 1:35 1/2, and under the wire in 2:08. She now holds next to the best trotting record, besides the world's race record of 2:09.

At the race meeting of the great Kite Track at Kirkwood last Saturday a great many of the sources of complaint that were so prominent at the Fourth of July meeting had been eliminated. The change in the grading of the track has made it even faster than before, in the opinion of many horsemen, better order was maintained and the Restaurant service which proved inadequate to the immense concourse of the first meeting had been perfected under the careful management of Mrs. Thos. McCoy. Visitors at the future meetings can depend upon finding every arrangement necessary for their comfort and convenience unless they belong to the class of chronic growers who are not satisfied with perfection itself. With the completion of the track to the grand stand it will have a seating capacity of nearly 5000, making it the largest grand stand in this section of the country, a fitting concomitant to the best and fastest track in the country.

## A Convention to form a State League of Democratic Clubs.

A State Convention of all the Democratic Clubs in Delaware, is hereby called to meet in Dover, on Thursday, September 15th, 1892, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of forming a State League. Every Democratic Club is requested to send seven delegates, including the President and Secretary. In election districts where no Democratic Clubs have been organized, Democratic voters are requested to organize at once and send delegates.

Hon. Jos. C. S. Blackburn, United States Senator from Kentucky, will be present to make the chief address of the occasion. In connection with the Convention above called, a grand Mass Meeting of the voters of the State will be held, and the Clubs are requested to attend said meeting in a body. All citizens who love good government are invited to hear Senator Blackburn discuss the great political questions which now interest the American people and which at the next election they must decide. By order of the Democratic State Central Committee,

LEVIN IRVING HANDY,

JOHN H. LAYTON, Chairman.

Secretary.

## 11 GET REGISTERED SATURDAY.

Racing at Kirkwood.

The second racing meet of the Maple Valley Trotting Association was held on its kite-shaped track at Kirkwood last Saturday. The weather was perfect, the attendance fair, and while the races were poorly contested, all of them being won in straight heats, the time was good for the classes. The only performance of any note was that of Nutwood Prince, by Nutwood, who won the third heat of the 2:30 class in 2:39 1/2. He is from the Elkton Stock Farm, Elkton, Md. The starting judge was William VanOrsdel, with George Bennett and W. R. Reynolds as associates. The following is a summary of the races:

SEVENTH CLASS, FURSE, \$250.  
Beverly, Jr. by W. M. Crofton (Gibson) 1 1 1  
Happy Medium (Shillinglaw) 2 3 3  
R. H. W. by G. D. H. McCreary (McCrory) 3 2 3  
May S. by H. H. H. (Hart) 4 4 4  
Rockies Boy's, F. L. Tatum (Tatum) 5 5 5  
Time by quarters: . . . dis.

First heat: Quarter 1:10 1/2, Half 2:20 1/2, Mile 4:40 1/2.  
Second heat: . . . 1:10 1/2, 2:20 1/2, 4:40 1/2.  
Third heat: . . . 1:10 1/2, 2:20 1/2, 4:40 1/2.

Nutwood Prince, b. s. Elkton Stock Farm (Crouch) 1 1 1  
Mudock, Jr. by W. E. Duhaway (Duhaway) 2 2 2  
Dusty, Jr. by J. Deany (Nash) 3 3 3  
Agate Wellington, Jr. by Maple Valley Farm (Shillinglaw) 4 4 4  
Mistake, Jr. by W. C. Gracie (Gracie) 5 5 5  
Bronson, Jr. by C. H. Salmon (Hyde) 6 6 6  
Farrington, Jr. by W. C. Gracie (Gracie) 7 7 7  
Time by quarters: . . . dis.

First heat: Quarter 1:10 1/2, Half 2:20 1/2, Mile 4:40 1/2.  
Second heat: . . . 1:10 1/2, 2:20 1/2, 4:40 1/2.  
Third heat: . . . 1:10 1/2, 2:20 1/2, 4:40 1/2.

SEVENTH CLASS, FURSE, \$250.  
Civilian, Jr. by S. H. H. (Hart) 1 1 1  
Dynamite, Jr. by J. L. Nash (Nash) 2 2 2  
Sonnet, Jr. by J. L. Nash (Nash) 3 3 3  
Time by quarters: . . . dis.

First heat: Quarter 1:10 1/2, Half 2:20 1/2, Mile 4:40 1/2.  
Second heat: . . . 1:10 1/2, 2:20 1/2, 4:40 1/2.  
Third heat: . . . 1:10 1/2, 2:20 1/2, 4:40 1/2.

The pneumatic tire sulks were used at this meeting for the first time in this State.

John Greenleaf Whittier, the Quaker poet, died yesterday morning at Hampton Falls, N. H., aged 85 years. He was born in Massachusetts on December 7th, 1807, of Quaker parents and always retained the peculiarities of speech and garb that distinguish the Society of Friends. He was successively farmer, school teacher, poet and editor, and next to Longfellow was the most popular of American poets.

The annual session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., will be held in Portland, Oregon, after next week. The Grand Lodge of Delaware will be represented by Dr. E. W. Cooper of Camden and J. H. Appleby of Wilmington. George C. Morton of Wilmington will represent the Grand Encampment of Delaware. Alexander Guthrie of Hockessin is the grand guardian of the Sovereign Grand Lodge. The four gentlemen named will leave for Portland on Friday. During their absence they will visit Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Denver and other points of interest in the West.

On Monday night "Jack" McAuliffe and "Billy" Myers met in the arena at New Orleans to decide the world's light-weight championship. Five rounds were fought with the result that McAuliffe once more proved his superiority and was declared the winner. On Tuesday night the "bantam" championship was contested at the same place by "Jack" Skelly, white, and George Dixon, colored. Eight furious rounds were fought, resulting in the complete defeat of Skelly. Last night, John L. Sullivan and James Corbett met in the same place to decide the heavy-weight championship. Twenty-one exciting rounds were fought, resulting in the defeat of Sullivan.

On Wednesday morning of last week two well-dressed men entered the store of the Chapman Art Decorative Co., at 1329 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, just after it had been opened by the porter, and stating that they were in a hurry and could not wait for the salesmen to arrive, they prevailed upon the porter to show them some furniture which happened to be on the second floor. One of them said he would remain down stairs and read the paper, and as soon as the porter had gone upstairs he packed a large valise which he carried with over \$1000 worth of silks used in upholstering, some of it being worth \$35 a yard. Upon the return of his confederate they left promising to call again. Almost immediately after their departure the theft was discovered and the police notified. The porter notified the police and both were arrested and recognized as old offenders.

David R. West, a much esteemed citizen of Lewes and a well known Delaware Pilot, died Friday morning at half past three o'clock at his residence in that town. Mr. West had been ill for over a year.

## General News in Brief.

Dr. John James Reese, emeritus professor of medical jurisprudence and toxicology at the University of Pennsylvania, died Sunday evening at Atlantic City, aged 74 years.

There is renewed activity at Roach's ship yard, Chester. The firm has received a contract to build a steamboat for the Fall River Line larger than any boats it now owns.

The first authentic news of the fire at Rocky Hill, Idaho, Thursday, reached Boise City, Sunday. The entire town was swept away and nearly 150 people rendered homeless. The losses will aggregate \$75,000.

The steam yacht, Yankee Doodle, which her owners claimed to be the fastest boat afloat, was destroyed Saturday, off Tinian Island, by a fire caused by one of her owners dropping a lantern, which caused an explosion.

The locomotive drawing an express train on the West Shore railroad, Monday afternoon, jumped the track two miles south of West Point and plunged into the Hudson river. Engineer Frenberg and Fireman Van Style were drowned.

At Hartford, Conn., on Tuesday, Zimmerman the bicyclist rode a half-mile in 1:02 4-5, last quarter in 28 seconds, beating the world's record. This is faster than Nancy Hanks' famous record. The previous record was 1:05 4-5.

An Ontario & Western freight train was wrecked near Peckville, Pa., Sunday morning. Two oil tanks burst, and the petroleum burning ignited destroyed much of the freight. George Thatcher, a brakeman, was mortally injured. Several men were arrested at Olyphant for setting the floating oil on fire.

In the Hudson county court at Jersey City, N. J., sixteen election inspectors were sentenced for stuffing the ballot boxes at the election in November, 1890. They were sentenced to six months in the penitentiary, eight to fifteen months in the state prison, and six to nine months in the penitentiary. Thirty-eight inspectors had previously been sent to prison.

Dr. R. W. Hargadine, a well-known citizen of Felton, died at his home early Thursday morning, aged about 50 years. The deceased has been practicing medicine and conducting a greenhouse in Felton for several years. He went to the Barbados Islands a few months ago in search of health and rest. Interment was made in Holy Cross cemetery on Saturday morning.

The world's professional bicycle record was broken at the Deatur, Ill., race meeting last week. Jack Prince of Omaha, rode a quarter mile with a flying start in 30 1/2, which beats the best professional record ever made. Had it been on a bicycle track it would have been two seconds faster. Prince rode a safety wheel geared up to seventy-two inches.

At Fall River, Mass., last Thursday, Lizzie Borden was committed to jail by Judge Blaisdell to await trial at the November term of court, for the murder of her father and mother. The judge in remanding her for trial took occasion to remark, in view of the many conflicting stories told by her, "I find that she is probably guilty."

Mr. Edward Parke Curtis Lewis, ex-United States minister to Portugal, died suddenly at his residence on River street, Hoboken, N. J., Saturday, of heart disease. He was 62 years of age. Lewis had suffered from a complication of diseases. He complained of feeling ill early Saturday morning, and Dr. Keadell was immediately summoned. While talking to the doctor, Mr. Lewis fell back in his chair and died.

At Edmonton, Metcalf county, Kentucky, Friday, a mob broke into the jail and shot to death John Wilcoxson, a young negro, who last July murdered James Coffee, a young white farmer. A mob assembled three weeks ago to lynch the negro, but part of them wanted to lynch one John Price, a white murderer, also, but as they could not agree, they dispersed.

Last Thursday as the lake steamer Western Reserve was on her way to Keeweenaw, Mich., she broke in two and sank immediately. The captain and crew took to the boats but both were capsized and but one of the 28 souls aboard reached shore alive. The vessel was one of the largest crafts on the lakes and had been on the Lake Superior trade but a little over a year.

John Clifford, of the Homestead advisory committee, was given a hearing before Judge Ewing Saturday on the charge of murdering J. W. Klein, a Pittsburgh detective. It was stated in the evidence that Clifford was present at the scene of the riot on July 6, and that he was one of those who opposed the landing of the Pinkertons. He was remanded to jail for trial. Judge Ewing refused to accept bail.

Daniel Dougherty, the silver-tongued orator, died at his residence in Philadelphia, on Monday. Mr. Dougherty's death was due to nervous prostration, which he had suffered from for some time. He had been ill for several weeks past, and was recently thought to be recovering by the attending physician. Only the immediate members of the family were present, including his son, Dr. Webster Dougherty, the well-known attorney.

The first accident on the new Geneva and Buffalo branch of the Lehigh Valley railroad, occurred near East Rush, on Monday. The road was opened for traffic on Thursday, and a defect in construction at the point where the disaster occurred was the cause of the accident. The engineer was caught beneath the boiler and instantly killed, and the fireman Collins was seriously injured. The train was completely wrecked. It is estimated that the wreck will cost the railroad company \$60,000.

The celebrated Hawthorn water, pure and fresh, direct from the Saratoga Springs, for sale by S. M. Reynolds & Co., for Go to S. M. Reynolds & Co., for porcelain lined kettles, Mason's fruit jars, jelly glasses, sticky fly paper, hammocks, &c.

THE MARKETS.  
MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET.  
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY JOHN W. JOLLS.  
WHEAT—No. 2 red 71 New corn 51  
Soybean 115 Yellow, shelled, 60 1/2  
Clover seed, per 100 lbs. 1 1/2  
Oats, 1 1/2  
Lard, 9 1/2 (per can) 50  
Potatoes (white) 25  
Sweet Potatoes 10  
Chickens Live 9 1/2  
Spring Chickens 9 1/2

MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET.  
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. M. REYNOLDS & CO.  
Eggs, 18 1/2 doz. 18 1/2  
Lard, 9 1/2 (per can) 50  
Potatoes (white) 25  
Sweet Potatoes 10  
Chickens Live 9 1/2  
Spring Chickens 9 1/2

NOTICE.—THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY Executive Committee in compliance with Rule 6 of the rules governing the Democratic party of New Castle county, adopted May 31, 1892, have this day made the following legislative allotments. The first district composed of Wilmington hundred is entitled to one Senator and one Representative.

The second district, composed of Brandywine, Christiansburg, Mill Creek, White Clay Creek and Pennsboro hundreds, the hundreds of Brandywine, Mill Creek and Pennsboro each be entitled to one Representative.

## Miscellaneous Advs.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure.  
A cream of tartar baking powder. High, set of all in leavening strength.—Latest U. S. Government Food Report.  
Wanamaker's.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, September, 5.

Closed Saturday at 1 P. M.

A feature of the newest Fall and Winter Dress Goods—All-wool and Silk-and-wool—is the Glace or Changeable effect.

Iridesence shows somehow in a multitude of them—all due to differing colors in warp and wool. A wavering sunset glint in one light becomes royal purple in another. And so the glancing tints chase each other, showing new beauties with every turn.

Bedford Cords, too, have taken on new graces—flicks and spots and strokes of color, regular and at random; big on this, little on that, but oddly pretty every time.

Great heaps of these newest of the new things are at the counters this morning—like the first pattering drops of a thunder storm. Some of them.

All-wool Armure, \$1 and \$1.25.  
All-wool Diagonal, \$1 and \$1.25.  
Silk figured Bedford Cord, \$1.25.  
Silk figured Changeable Armure, \$1.50, \$1.75, and \$2.

Picardly Welts, light and medium goods, with black figures, \$1.75, \$2.  
Silk figured Velour, \$2.  
Polka Dot Cheviot, contrasting colors, \$2.  
Bourette Cheviot, \$2.  
Silk figured Satin Berber, \$2.50.  
Satin striped and figured Poplin, \$3.  
Camel's Hair Cheviot, nebula spot, \$3.

Wool Dress Serges, of course. All the sorts you ever heard of and more, very likely—50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50.

But the Serge novelties of the season crowd thickest into the Mohair line. Surely the weavers have outdone themselves there. Shuttles must have got dizzy threading their way through such warp-tangles.

Chevron effects  
Diagonal suggestions  
Lumpy streakedness  
Spots in crowded rows  
Wavy zig-zags  
Pebbly prettiness  
and all in self-colors. The very touch of the stuffs is crisp and winsome. They tell of service, style and near-by seasonableness in one breath.

Width 50 inches, price \$1.25.

Almost every woman, fresh from Paris touring, has a "Footman's Triple Cape" in her trunk. That's the new over-sea craze in Women's Wraps. All the leading Paris houses are represented in the assortment here—\$6.50 and upward.

The crush of new things is squeezing prices out of shape on many of the medium-weight Wraps.

Stylish Outing Coats, \$1.50 to \$3.  
English Box Reefers in great variety, \$3, \$4, \$5, \$6, \$8, \$9—often more than not they've very lately been twice that.

Fine knotted fringe Huck Towels, silky to the eye, soft to the touch. We counted them the best value we ever had at \$6 a dozen. What are they then at \$4.20 a dozen—35c each?

Broche bordered Damask Towels that have been 65 and 75c are now 35c; those that were \$1.35 are now 75c. \$1.75 and \$2 French Embroidered Towels go to \$1.25; the \$2.25 kind to \$1.75.

Chifton Handkerchiefs—the filmy, breath-like squares of silky mull, heavily embroidered, that women so delight in. You were glad to pay \$1 each last season; these at 25c appear to be just as good. A dozen dainty tints.

Summer Comfortables must make way for the heavy Winter stock. Dainty, pretty things, fresh and perfect in every way. Prices go like this:

\$1.50 and \$1.75 kinds at \$1.  
\$2 kinds at \$1.50.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

## S. M. Reynolds & Co.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

**CURTIS' COLLARS CUFFS.**  
All the Latest Styles

Fall and Winter Neckwear at twenty-five and fifty cents.

Medium and heavy weights in Underwear.  
Men's Stainless Black Hosiery, two pairs twenty-five cents.

Gloves for dress—driving—work.  
Men's Hats in various styles and qualities.

Shoes.

We will soon receive from the manufacturers the most complete line of Ladies' shoes ever in Middletown, ranging in price from one dollar to five dollars, the cheapest as comfortable and good fitting as the highest priced.

Men's shoes form one of the principal parts of our business. In a few days we will receive the most complete, most stylish and best made special shoes for young men that was ever displayed in this neighborhood. The Blucher, with Piccadilly toe is the thing for the young man this winter, and is sure to be a success. Its advantages, it always keeps its shape; and is equally as stylish in the ball-room as it is serviceable on the street.

We can comfortably shoe any one, from the smallest child to the largest man. All sizes. All prices.

Groceries.

Our grocery trade, under the efficient management of Mr. William Vansant, is rapidly increasing.

All orders entrusted to him while on his route, will be attended to with despatch.

S. M. Reynolds & Co.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

1892. 1892.

## SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

## Steamer Olie

Captain E. S. Brooks, —WILL LEAVE—  
Odessa for Philadelphia, —AND RETURN FROM—  
Pier 9, North Wharves, As per time table.

On 228 SEPT.  
Thurs. 1, 3 1/2 P. M. Friday, 2 1 P. M.  
Monday 5, 7 P. M. Tuesday 6 4 P. M.  
Thursday 9, 9 1/2 P. M. Friday 10 1 P. M.  
Monday 12 12 1/2 P. M. Tuesday 13 9 P. M.  
Thursday 16, 4 P. M. Friday 16 1 1/2 P. M.  
Monday 19, 7 P. M. Tuesday 20 4 P. M.  
Thursday 22 8 1/2 P. M. Friday 23 6 P. M.  
Monday 26, 2 P. M. Tuesday 27 1 P. M.  
Thursday 29, 2 P. M. Friday 30, 1 1/2 P. M.

## GRAIN, FRUIT AND STOCK

Freighted at Reasonable Rates.

Attention given to the careful handling and prompt delivery of all consignments.

For information in regard to freight rates apply to  
S. M. REYNOLDS & CO.,  
ODessa, Del.

## Conference Academy, Dover Del.

The Conference Academy calls attention to its new building for ladies, its reasonable charges, and its good reputation as a fitting school. Send for the last Catalogue, containing an alumni record.

W. L. GOODING, Principal.

## NOTICE.

JOHN BIGGS,

Attorney-at-Law,

Has removed his office to No. 913 Market Street, Wilmington. Will now give his entire attention to private practice.

## NOTICE.

Owners of Traction Engines.

Notice is hereby given that the long bridge over the South River, Penn. is now considered safe for the passage of Traction engines. For ordinary travel it is in good condition.

JOHN W. JOLLS,  
Levy Court Commissioner

## Miscellaneous Advertisements.

# FALL SURPRISES!

THERE ARE SURPRISES IN STORE  
\* FOR THE BOOT AND SHOE BUYERS \*  
FOR THE FALL OF '92.

THE NEW GOODS are now arriving. You have always received good value for your money at Prettyman's, but this fall we have made special efforts to secure goods at surprisingly low prices, and all purchasers will get better goods than ever for their money.

## IN BOOTS WE HAVE PARALYZERS.

You never invested your money in goods of such good wearing qualities as we offer you this fall.

## Boots and Shoes. - Boots and Shoes.

ALL SALES FOR CASH.

## EDWIN PRETTYMAN,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

## STOCK EWES FOR SALE!

The undersigned has on hand a very choice lot of WESTERN STOCK EWES, which can be seen at any time.

## GEORGE ECHENHOFFER,

Middletown, Delaware.

## Steam Ice Cream Manufactory.

ICE CREAM AT WHOLESALE

MANUFACTURED



# The Transcript

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT  
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

Thursday Afternoon, Sept. 8, 1922

Mails Close as Follows:  
GOING SOUTH.  
7:30 A. M. - R. P. O. 8:30 A. M. - R. P. O.  
10:10 A. M. - R. P. O. 11:30 A. M. - R. P. O.  
4:10 P. M. - R. P. O. 5:30 P. M. - R. P. O.  
GOING NORTH.  
7:30 A. M. - R. P. O. 8:30 A. M. - R. P. O.  
10:10 A. M. - R. P. O. 11:30 A. M. - R. P. O.  
4:10 P. M. - R. P. O. 5:30 P. M. - R. P. O.

## Church Directory.

**MIDDLETOWN M. E. CHURCH.**  
Rev. N. M. Brown, Pastor.  
Sabbath School every Sabbath at 10:30 a. m. and 12:30 p. m. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 2 p. m. All children to be present. The class meetings are held as follows: Sunday, 7:30 a. m. to 9:00 a. m. Monday, 7:30 a. m. to 9:00 a. m. Tuesday, 7:30 a. m. to 9:00 a. m. Wednesday, 7:30 a. m. to 9:00 a. m. Thursday, 7:30 a. m. to 9:00 a. m. Friday, 7:30 a. m. to 9:00 a. m. Saturday, 7:30 a. m. to 9:00 a. m. The church is open for the reception of new members. The church is open for the reception of new members. The church is open for the reception of new members.

## LOCAL AFFAIRS.

The last hop of the season was given at Augustine Pier last Thursday evening and was the most successful ever given there.  
St. Anne's Sunday-school will re-open next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. All teachers and scholars are requested to be present.  
A very pleasant dance was given at the home of Miss Mary Pleasant on last Thursday evening, at which a number of our young people were present.

Miss Mary Cochran gave a "watermelon party" at her home last Friday evening. Every one present enjoyed themselves, and the melons they consumed.  
G. E. Jacobs, the specialist on the eye, will be at Massey's jewelry store on the evening of Friday, September 23, and on Saturday, September 24.  
W. A. Gill, of Townsend, formerly with J. G. Bragdon the druggist, of this town, has accepted a position in the pharmacy of E. P. Stevenson, Wilmington.  
Contractor Kennedy, who is engaged in driving the new 10 inch well at the pumping station, has reached a depth of 78 feet with his pipes. Yesterday he struck a stratum of black marl.  
Letters of administration were granted to Virginia L. Culbertson and Geo. W. Naudain, administrators on the estate of the late James Culbertson, of this town.

Workmen have dug a trench preparatory to laying waterpipes to supply water to the water motor to be used to work the bellows in the new Presbyterian church in a few days.  
Courtland Crockett has sold his trotting horse Wild Edge, 2:40, to Charles S. Caffrey for \$4,000. This is the highest price that has been paid for a horse in this immediate neighborhood for some time.  
The State Firemen's Association will meet in Volunteer Hose Company's house to-night to complete arrangements for the annual parade to be held in New Castle on Thursday, October 12th. After the business session a collation will be served the visiting firemen by the local company.

Every day a number of would-be candidates on the Democratic ticket to be nominated next Saturday, are seen in town earnestly working for their individual success, whilst their friends are assiduous in their attentions to those qualified to vote at the Democratic Primaries.  
Miss Lulu Holmes Caulk and Frank Bloomer, both formerly of this town, were united in the bonds of wedlock at the residence of Frank Pearce on North Broad Street yesterday afternoon at 3 P. M., by the Rev. N. M. Brown. They left on the 4:37 P. M. train for Philadelphia, where they will reside.

Yesterday afternoon a boy was driving a horse belonging to William Money, of Townsend, to this town the horse broke through the plank laid across a ditch on South Broad St., just beyond the town limits. The harness was cut and the horse extricated when it was found that a large piece of flesh had been torn from each knee, exposing the bone. The horse was led home for treatment.

A very pleasant little birthday party was given in honor of Miss Sallie Cochran, at her residence, near town, on Tuesday evening. Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Brown, Miss Mary and Nellie Cochran, Mable and Ethel Parvis, Lydia, Lizzie, and Mary Cochran, Bessie Reynolds, and Messrs. Schie Lockwood, Lindsey Cochran, Robert and Wilson Cochran, Alfred Tatman and Douglas Cochran.

On Monday morning, Albert Warren stopped in front of Dawson's store, and as he was about to alight from the wagon, the horse started forward suddenly, throwing him forcibly to the ground, spraining his wrist quite badly. He has been peculiarly unfortunate lately, having been bitten by a dog the same morning and several weeks since he cut his foot with an axe. A boy that was with him on Monday morning was also thrown from the wagon, but escaped unhurt.

On Monday last as Louis Naudain, son of Richard Naudain, was engaged in milking, he was furiously attacked by a bull that happened to be in the yard. The bull knocked him over and was about to gore him when young Naudain caught him by the horns and held on until the bull wrenched himself free and backed off for another rush when the boy escaped through a nearby fence. He was unhurt with the exception of a few bruises upon his legs where the bull had stamped on them.

—Reese Taylor, the aged father of our townman, William Taylor, died last Friday night. He had been in poor health for some time, and for a week previous to his death had been in a precarious condition. His funeral took place Tuesday afternoon.

—List of unclaimed letters remaining in the post-office, which can be had by saying they are advertised: John Jane Sarah Jenkins, John Daniels, Mrs. Dose, Rosie Cook, William Brown, Mrs. A. Brown, Miss Blakey, John Anderson.

—A meeting of the Young Men's Democratic Club will be held in McWhorter's hall on next Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Prominent speakers have been secured for this occasion and a large attendance is earnestly desired.

—Rev. F. H. Moore arrived in port on the city of New York yesterday, so it may be confidently expected that he will be present and fill his pulpit on Sabbath morning, and administer the communion. The usual preparatory services will be held on Saturday afternoon at 8 o'clock.

## GET REGISTERED SATURDAY.

### Personal Matters.

—Mr. and Mrs. James H. Burnham returned home last week.  
—Dr. Harry L. Clayton of Philadelphia, is at home for a few days.  
—Miss Adelaide McIntire of Philadelphia, is visiting Miss Ethel Brady.  
—Miss Addie Hoffer of Smyrna, is visiting friends and relatives near town.  
—Alex. H. Reynolds and John Constable of Elkton, spent Sunday last in town.  
—George French of Chicago, is spending a few days with his father on North Broad street.  
—T. C. Murphy, formerly of this town, but now of Philadelphia, was in town on Tuesday.  
—Misses Annie and Fannie McWhorter of Wilmington, are guests of the Misses Clayton, on Cass street.  
—Mrs. M. A. Hall and Miss Lizzie Hall who have been visiting friends in Philadelphia, have returned home.

### Dance at McWhorter's Hall.

The impromptu dance given in McWhorter's Hall on Monday evening by several of our young men, in honor of the birthday of two of the young ladies, was an enjoyable affair for those who participated. Price of orchestra of four pieces furnished music. Those present were the Misses Allie McKee, Martha Heaton, Viola Ennis, Edith Reynolds, Edith Derriekson, Mary Cochran, Bessie Reynolds, May Holten, May Clayton, Edna Frazier, Marie Bernard, Ada Ford, Ada Cochran, Mabel Parvis, Ethel Parvis, Mrs. A. M. Brown, and Messrs. Howard Pool, W. H. Reynolds, Clarence Clayton, William Brady, Robert Cochran, S. M. Lockwood, J. P. Keithwell, Victor G. Reynolds, Allen McDowell, Alfred Tatman, Lindsey Cochran, Fred Crouch, William G. Lockwood, W. P. Metten, and the Misses Annie and Fannie McWhorter of Wilmington.

### For the Public Good.

(COMMUNICATED)  
EDITOR TRANSCRIPT, SIR:—As great precautions are being taken in various parts of the country to prevent the inroad of Asiatic Cholera, the Board of Health of this town should insist on all persons keeping their premises clean, all cess-pools emptied, and adopt any other measures that may be deemed necessary to keep our, at present, healthy town free from the dreaded scourge.  
Yours Truly,  
PRO BONO PUBLICO.  
September 7th, 1922.

### Religious Notice.

There will be divine service held in McWhorter's Hall next Sunday afternoon, September 10th, at 3 o'clock, under the auspices of Methodist Protestant Church. The members and friends of the Methodist Protestant Church residing in and near Middletown are respectfully invited to be present; also, the public in general.  
B. P. TRUITT, Pastor.  
Laymen—R. S. Griffith, B. F. H. Caulk and Israel Gunkel.

### New Jersey Chemical Company Still Ahead!

The latest official analysis from Dr. T. R. Wolf, Senior Chemist, of the New Jersey Chemical Company's Acidulated Phosphate gives the following results:  
Available Phosphoric Acid . . . 16.40  
Insoluble . . . 1.20  
Commercial value . . . \$28.50  
Last Saturday evening the barn and other outbuildings on the farm tenanted by Samuel P. Trux, near Clayton, were destroyed by fire, together with 350 bushels of wheat, a lot of hay and clover seed, two calves and some farming implements. It is not known how the fire originated. The property was partially insured in the Kent County Mutual Insurance Company.

J. K. Burk's circus exhibited at Dover on Monday and when the manager ordered two gamblers who were running a "shell" game on the grounds, to leave they assaulted him and one of the employees of the circus. They were arrested for gambling and assault with weapons of a gang of toughs announced their intention of wrecking the circus and for a while it was feared that there would be a repetition of the great O'Brien riot of ten years ago, but the mayor had provided special policemen and the sheriff had a posse of 50 men in readiness, and the attack was not made. A large number of citizens escorted the circus men to their train and gave them safe conduct.

## PENINSULA MATTERS.

INTERESTING ITEMS GATHERED FROM OUR MANY EXCHANGES.

The Governor has issued a proclamation recommending Columbus Day, Friday, Oct. 31, as a public holiday throughout the State.

The barn, stables and outbuildings, together with 1000 bushels of wheat, a lot of hay and farming utensils on the farm of Larry Reese, near Blackiston's Cross Roads, were destroyed by fire early Monday morning. They were insured in the Kent County Mutual for \$3,000. The fire was supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Cecil Manor, the home of Colonel T. E. Hogg, president of the Union Pacific Railroad, situated near Port Deposit, and said to be the finest residence in Maryland, having recently been built at a cost of \$100,000, was totally destroyed by fire Monday night, together with all the furniture. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

The name of the man who stole the lap spread and side curtains from the carriage of George D. Crossland, of St. Georges, at Augustine Pier, on Thursday night, September 1st, is known to him, and that gentleman wishes to notify him that to escape a trial at the stone pile and a few lashes at the whipping post, it would be advisable for him to return them without delay.

The United States Marshall on Monday morning arrested Registrar Morrison, of New Castle, twice, on separate warrants, for refusing to register voters on tax receipts issued in 1920. The Registrar says the tax receipts are illegal. What the result may be, is hard to say, but trouble is feared on next Saturday the next registration day, as open threats are being made by voters of both parties.

Labor Day was celebrated in Wilmington by a parade of the trade organizations of that city and a picnic in Shellpot Park in the afternoon, in which several thousand people participated, addresses were made by J. Alexander Fulton, of Dover, and James Farnam of Chester, Pa., a concert by the First Regiment Band in the evening, followed by dancing, marked the closing of the celebration. The Levy Court Commissioners, Dr. H. H. Hutchison, John W. Jolla, James H. Clark, Andrew Elison and Robert Stuart, constituting the bridge committee of the Levy Court, met at the court house in Wilmington Thursday afternoon and opened the bids for putting in a new draw over the Appoquinimink at Odessa. The present draw is only nineteen feet long, and the improvements proposed will increase its length to thirty-one feet. The contract was awarded to Robert R. Morrison, but his offer for the old bridge was refused. It was decided to use it over other streams in the county.

## GET REGISTERED SATURDAY.

### ST. GEORGES ITEMS.

—The report started last week that the mare which Wm. S. Ellison lost on Monday last week, is incorrect. The cause of death is given as lumbar meningitis, which is not contagious.  
—Mr. Lattonis, of Green Spring, the newly elected Principal of the Public school, has taken charge, and there is every indication that the term of '22-'23 will be a very successful one.  
—Mrs. Sarah Riley had the misfortune to fall down the steps leading to the cellar of her house one day last week. She was considerably bruised but happily no bones were broken, and although now confined to her bed, hopes are entertained that she will soon be about again, as usual.

—Miss Anna Stewart gave a very pleasant party in honor of her cousin, Miss Helen Stewart, of Philadelphia, who is paying her a visit, on last Friday night. The evening was most agreeably spent with music, games and an elegant repast. Guests were present from Delaware City, Kirkwood, and this town and neighborhood.

—H. C. Clark visited Chester, Pa., friends on Sunday—Chas. T. Hoffman of Leipzig, has been visiting Joseph Heisel.—Mrs. E. T. Stapleford left for Baltimore on Friday to attend the funeral of her mother, who died in that city.—Mrs. Candidus and Mr. and Mrs. Victor Preiser have returned from Berlin, Md., where they were visiting relatives. The Fred Webb of Philadelphia, is spending a week with his grandfather, J. H. Calder.—Miss Annie Shultz was the guest at a large birthday party in Philadelphia, Friday evening.—Misses Annie and Kate Mooney of New York, and Henry Lofland of Ogleson, Del., paid the family of Jas. H. Paynter a visit last week.—Mrs. Wm. J. Cox is visiting friends in Chester, Pa.—Miss Nellie Huggins of Philadelphia, who has been spending several weeks with friends in this vicinity, returned home on Monday.—Mrs. Hattie Hopkins and children, who have been spending the summer with her parents at "Bloomfield," returned to her home in Wilmington, last week, accompanied by her sister, Miss Lucy Lester.—Miss Ollie Paynter is visiting friends in Wilmington and Chester and Media, Pa.—Mrs. Alfred G. Hopkins is visiting friends in Sussex county.—Mrs. J. H. Stewart spent a portion of last week in Philadelphia.—Deputy-Sheriff J. J. Jolls of Middletown, was in town on Tuesday.—Mrs. A. D. Taylor has returned from a brief visit to Wilmington.—Miss Ethel Norton of Baltimore, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Shultz last week.—Mrs. Johnson and the Misses Johnson, of Wilmington, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Stuckert at their beautiful residence "Bird's Nest," near town.

—Dr. and Mrs. James Richardson are entertaining Philadelphia, and Camden, N. J., friends.—Dr. and Mrs. S. S. Vallandigham of Middletown, and Mrs. Osborne and Mrs. Baker, were guests at "Bird's Nest," last Friday.—Miss Elsie Alfrey of Summit Bridge, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. K. Price, Masters Albert and Harry Newton, of Berlin, Md., are visiting friends here, and in Delaware City.—Miss Julia Paynter is spending a few days with friends near Stanton, Del.

## GET REGISTERED SATURDAY.

## DELAWARE CITY.

DELAWARE CITY, September 8.  
—Many of our people are attending the fair this week.

—Mr. James E. Sadler lost a valuable and favorite mare, with lock-jaw, last week.

—Misses Julia Gunning and Fanny Manko of Philadelphia, were visitors here this week.

The excursion steamer Thomas Clyde made her last stop of the season here on Wednesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Cabrera and family of Philadelphia, are spending a few weeks at the Delaware City Hotel.

—Miss Lillie Moss of Philadelphia, who has been visiting Mrs. C. Von Culm, returned home on Monday.

—Dr. Brown, the Wilmington dentist, with his family and a party of friends visited here on Tuesday.

Mayor W. E. Reynolds will, in all probability, be the Republican candidate for the Legislature from Red Lion Hundred.

The Democratic nomination election for County Commissioner, Representative, Inspector, Assessor, and Road Commissioner, will be held at the hotel of E. A. Stout, on Saturday, Sept. 10th. Polls open at 12 noon, and close at 7 P. M.

Messrs. Deek & Panoast are making a new departure in the canning business, they are canning tomatoes for frying, preserving them firm and fresh and ready for the market. If the experiment proves the success that it is expected to be, it will be a boon to housekeepers and cooks, and a great thing for the canner.

Delaware City Public School opened on Monday with an attendance of one hundred and eleven pupils. The enrollment is two hundred and thirty, a full attendance being reached about the first of November. Mr. Handy, the new principal was introduced by Director George B. Money, and responded in a pleasing address. The stars and stripes were then raised by Director A. I. Swan, and the session began.

—Mr. W. C. Webb's new addition to his wagon factory and blacksmith shop will be completed this week, giving him facilities for turning out a large number of market, farm, and milk wagons, and an unlimited amount of blacksmith work. By close attention to business and the employment of first class workmen, he has in a few years built up a business which outgrew the building, and from present indications the new building will soon be crowded with work.

—Registrar John T. Cheairs opened his office at his store on Saturday and registered ninety-eight voters. Everything passed off smoothly, the only difficulties being a few cases where the name on the tax receipt did not correspond with the name of the person presenting it, and they were held over. Mr. Cheairs will sit at the same place on the following Saturday.

The following party of gentlemen made a delightful trip through the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal on Mayor Reynolds' steam yacht, on Tuesday: Mayor Reynolds, Mr. Isaac Cooper of the U. S. Navy, Fish Commissioner J. A. Mulligan, Capt. George A. Cleaver, Mr. Francis D. Dunlap and Mr. Vansciver. They left Delaware City at 9:30 A. M. The first stop was made at St. Georges, where the party spent half an hour viewing the canneries and other places of interest. They then proceeded to Chesapeake City, arriving there at 12:30. After having dinner aboard the yacht, they spent about two hours, visiting the steam pump which supplies the canal with water from Back Creek. They were shown through the works by the engineer in charge, Mr. Lorrains. The pump is a wheel pump and throws one hundred and seventy tons of water per minute, (45,000 gallons), and is said to be the largest pump of the kind in the United States. After inspecting the dock, they made a short trip down the Back Creek, and returning, arrived home at 6:30 P. M. The scenery along the canal at this season is varied and beautiful, and well worth a trip to see.

—Mr. Joseph Callbeck, engineer, was found dead in his bed, at his boarding house, on Wednesday morning. He was a sufferer from dropsy and had recently expressed the opinion that his days here were numbered. His room mate thinks he must have died between 4 and 5:30 o'clock, as he had been up and about the room at 4 o'clock, and retired again. At 5:30 his room mate arose, and on attempting to awaken the engineer found that he was dead. His eyes and mouth were closed, and the repetition of his features seemed to indicate that his death was painless.

The Coroner was notified and held an inquest. Death resulted from natural causes. The body was sent to Baltimore on Wednesday night, where the deceased leaves a wife and several grown up children, and where he resided until about two weeks ago. His eyes and mouth were closed, and the repetition of his features seemed to indicate that his death was painless.

## FOR SALE.

Oak Red-room Set, containing 3 pieces. Two painted Chairs and Rockers. Child's ash Crib and Mattress. Walnut Towel Rack. Walnut Tables, Two Oak Tables. Child's oak Rocker and High Chair. Woven Wire Spring Bed Mattress. Willow Clothes Basket, Pair Blankets, Two Comfortables, Pair Feather Pillows and Bolsters. China Toilet Set.

## FOR SALE.

Apply to Mrs. W. F. KENNEDY, At Mrs. LITTLEWOOD'S, KEE MAR COLLEGE, HAGERSTOWN, MARYLAND.  
For Young Women and Girls.  
Nineteen instructors, Classical, Music and Art Courses for Degrees, Elegant buildings, Steam bath, gas, sulfur springs, etc. Excellent cuisine. Beautiful campus. Send for Catalogue and College Journal.

## A Visit to Southern Maryland and the Nation's Capital.

Having read of this Southern Maryland peninsula as offering the most advantageous opportunities in the way of a delightful climate, pleasant homes, cheap and productive farms for a profitable mixed system of agriculture, I determined to pay this country a visit. Southern Maryland adjoins and lies contiguous to the National Capital, with the Potomac river for its western boundary, some 104 miles to its north, where that river empties into the Chesapeake Bay, thence with the bay, as its western shore, about 100 miles north to Baltimore the commercial metropolis of Maryland. It makes in outline a triangular peninsula of the sides named, and about 40 miles wide at its base. Three great cities make the corners of this triangle—Washington at the north-west, at the head of navigation on the Potomac, with a population now exceeding 250,000; Baltimore at its north-eastern corner, with nearly 500,000 souls, and Norfolk with 40,000 people, practically at the southern apex, near the ocean. This peninsula formed by the waters of the noble Potomac (one of the finest rivers of the country) and that great inland sea the Chesapeake Bay, is cut into unequal portions by the picturesque Patuxent penetrating far inland, and navigable for 40 miles from its mouth. Thus situated and surrounded by "water-courses of the grandest proportions" with its fertile and productive lands, and its great extent far into the interior of the land, no portion of this territory is remote from steamboat navigation. Its advantages are, however, unknown, and its resources undeveloped. Here is a veritable garden spot ready to the hand of the thrifty cultivator, the careful stock-raiser, the enterprising settler.

Having, geographically, located this Southern Maryland peninsula, let us take a bird's-eye-view of the Nation's Capital. Named after its founder—one of the most illustrious and grandest characters of history, this city most charmingly situated and grandly planned, is destined to become the most magnificent Capital of the world, as it is now the most beautiful residence city in the country. Its broad streets are laid out at right angles, with magnificent avenues crossing the same, diagonally, thus most directly connecting distant points. These broad streets and avenues, well paved and embowered in trees, intersected with numerous parks, squares and circles ornamented and adorned with statues, shrubbery and flowers, give the city a sparkling freshness and unparalleled beauty, unequalled anywhere. The many public buildings are massive and grand in their proportions, whilst the Capital, constructed of white marble, and situated in a highly embellished park, is a beauteous bride in her graceful habitations—the admiration of all eyes. To appreciate the genius of the designer and the magnificent plan of the Capital City, it requires to be closely scanned and studied like unto the character of its great founder: "First in war, first in peace, first in the hearts of his countrymen."

In the company of two friends I started on an excursion down the Potomac into Southern Maryland, which country I will briefly describe. Leaving Washington on Sunday afternoon at four o'clock, on the snug and trim Sue, of the Maryland and Virginia steamboat line, true breezy and beautiful moon-light excursion on the "all quiet" grand old Potomac is a recreation long to be remembered. About four o'clock of the next morning I awoke to find ourselves at a stand-still. Emerging from our state-rooms we learned we were at our destination—Leonardtown, the county seat of St. Mary's county. Going on deck, a fair land-lake before us, and the morning songs of many birds greeted our ears. Beautiful! was the picture. Around and about us reposed the placid and mirror-like waters of Breton's Bay, a beautiful and picturesque tributary of the Potomac, whilst above us upon an elevated plateau was the quiet village of 600 inhabitants sleeping in its "old time" with a distinct flavor of old ways and customs handed down from the early settlers.

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## 230 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less. The improvements consist of a large two-story frame dwelling, two barns, large granary and other buildings, all in good order.  
There are 5000 Thrifty Peach Trees of choice varieties, and large young apple orchard on the premises.

## No. 2—Four Lots in the Village of Blackbird,

New Castle County, Del., situate at the northwest corner of the public road to Prior's Corner and State Road, described as follows: a—Large Two-Story House, with Shedding.  
About 56.65 feet, irregular in shape, occupied by former brick as tenant.  
b—Two-Story Dwelling and Kitchen, with one-Story Store-House and Stable.  
About 57.125 feet, adjoining lot a.  
c—Double Two-Story Dwelling and Kitchen.  
About 42.125 feet, adjoining lot b.  
d—Double Two-Story Dwelling and Kitchen.  
About 42.125 feet, adjoining lot c.  
With Stable, about 93.125 feet, adjoining lot c.

## All of the Above Properties are paying a Good Rent.

Ten per cent of the purchase money payable on day of sale. Further particulars at time of sale.

## NATHANIEL W. DAVIS,

Administrator, c. t. a. of Samuel R. Warren, deceased.

## Auditor's Notice.

DOVER, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1922.  
To the School Committees of the several School Districts of New Castle County:—The following schedule has been arranged for the settlement of the accounts of School Districts of New Castle County, viz: Monday, September 18th—Districts from No. 1 to No. 25, from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. Tuesday, September 19th—Districts from No. 26 to No. 50, from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. Wednesday, September 20th—Districts from No. 51 to No. 75, from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. Thursday, September 21st—Districts from No. 76 to 102, from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. On these days the Auditor will sit at the Court House in Wilmington also. On Monday, September 25th, from 10:30 to 12:30 at the Middletown Hotel, in Middletown. Prompt attendance is required.

## FOR SALE.

Apply to Mrs. W. F. KENNEDY, At Mrs. LITTLEWOOD'S, KEE MAR COLLEGE, HAGERSTOWN, MARYLAND.  
For Young Women and Girls.

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For Young Women and Girls.

manner may these lands be cultivated—a more mixed system of farming like unto the raising of live stock, dairying, early vegetables, fruits, etc. It is the native home of the apple, pear and peach, whilst the grape, indigenous to this land in many varieties, vies in its luscious bunches with the apricot, the nectarine and fig.

Standing on the bold bluff of a beautiful three hundred acre farm, overlooking the Chesapeake Bay, and the sails of many ships in sight freighted with the products of all climes, I ask myself the question: Is there a fairer or more favored land on the American continent, or elsewhere? The beautiful scenery of this peninsula, and its rare advantages of land and water greatly impressed me. I do not know that I can more aptly, or with entire truthfulness better describe this country, than in these words used by an early chronicler accompanying the first settlers to Maryland. "It was in truth, a goodly land that they found, a land of broad streams, of fertile plains, of gentle hills and green woodlands, and the eyes of the colonists were charmed with the strange and beautiful trees, the vines loaded with grapes, the flocks of water fowls, the countless multitudes of wild turkeys, the bright new birds." The wild turkey has given place to the more profitable domesticated bird, and wild fowl though still numerous, do not abound any longer in countless multitudes.

GEORGE H. CALVERT.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 1, 1892.

## New Advertisements.

## Scrofula

Is more especially than any other hereditary disease, and for this simple reason: Arising from impure and insufficient blood, the disease locates itself in the lymphatics, which are composed of white tissues; there is a history of fatal issue when the whole body is infected with this disease.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

is a potent remedy for scrofula, whether hereditary or acquired. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which expels every trace of the disease and gives to the blood the quality and color of life. Get Hood's.

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of scrofula. The physician at length told us to give him Hood's Sarsaparilla, which we did. Two bottles cured him. He is now 10 years old and has not



